

Living Well With: Rheumatoid Arthritis

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Rheumatoid Arthritis Facts



Arthritis is a chronic disease,

but it can be treated with medicines that



Relieve pain



Reduce

inflammation

Modulate the immune activity that is causing the inflammation





Swelling

(but typically at **40-50 years old)**





Treatment also helps to **protect the joints**

and prevent them from being irreversibly damaged by the disease.

Why Arthritis Hurts

Rheumatoid Arthritis commonly affects the hands, wrists, ankles, and feet. **Other joints can be affected too.**



Managing Arthritis Well



Be regular with your blood tests;

They help assess disease activity and help your doctor monitor medication side effects

Stay positive

As research shows that

this is imperative for

physical wellbeing

Take your medication

regularly and at the prescribed dose to achieve the best outcomes

Attend your appointments consistently

To enable your doctors to monitor your progress and adjust your treatment plan





During a flare, **the body's own immune cells attack the synovial membrane,** leading to inflammation, swelling and

Be informed

about the disease

And empower yourself to make the

best of your treatment plan. Ask our

nurse educators to tell you more

Discuss options



pain. Over time, this inflammation

damages the joint, wearing it away and

causing bony defects (erosions).

with your doctor to find the drug treatment plan that works best for you

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